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Rejections recommended—Continued.

WEEK ENDED JANUARY 22.

Date.	Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Suspected favus.	Small-pox.	Other causes.	Total.
Jan. 19	Pannonia.....							
19	Duca di Genova.....	14	4	8	1	1	14	42
21	König Albert.....	5	1	3			4	13
	Total.....	19	5	11	1	1	18	55

PALERMO, WEEK ENDED JANUARY 15.

Jan. 10	Ré d' Italia.....	9		8		1		18
13	Italia.....	12		8		2		22
	Total.....	21		16		3		40

WEEK ENDED JANUARY 22.

Jan. 16	Roma.....	11		10				21
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Smallpox in Naples.—During the week ended January 16, 3 cases of smallpox were reported in the city of Naples; during the week ended January 23, 35 cases with 4 deaths.

A case of smallpox was discovered at the examination of steerage passengers for the steamship *Duca di Genova* January 19. The patient was sent to the Cotugno hospital for contagious diseases. One contact was returned to her domicile and revaccinated. The house was disinfected.

JAPAN.

KOBE—Inspection of Vessels—Plague.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Smith reports, January 12:

Week ended January 8. Supplemental bills of health granted to 7 steamships. Members of crews inspected 901, steerage passengers 314. Members of crews bathed 30, steerage passengers 11; effects disinfected. Pieces of baggage steamed 96, bedding 22. Manifests viséed for 86, 245 pieces of freight amounting to 6,798 tons. Emigrants examined: Per steamship *China* for Honolulu, passed 10, recommended for rejection 33; for San Francisco, passed 1, recommended for rejection 4. The emigrants were 7 days in quarantine detention at Ono before embarkation. Twenty-five cases of human hair were disinfected with formalin.

The official returns of infectious diseases show 1 case of plague with 1 death at Kobe during the week.

MEXICO.

Report from the Superior Board of Health of Mexico.

In compliance with articles 1 and 2 of the International Sanitary Convention held at Washington, October 14, 1905, the acting president of the Superior Board of Health of Mexico reports, January 31 and February 7, that no case of yellow fever and no death from the said disease were registered in the Mexican Republic during the weeks

ended January 29 and February 5, and that the prophylactic measures reported under date of September 28, 1908, continue to be carried out.

COATZACOALCOS—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Thompson reports, February 2:

Week ended February 2. Vessels inspected: January 27, steamships *San Cristobal* for Port Arthur, and *Buenos Aires* for New York via Habana; February 1, steamships *Massachusetts* for Delaware Breakwater, and *Norheim* for Texas City via Veracruz and Tampico; February 2, steamship *Guatemala* for New Orleans.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG—Status of Cholera in Russia.

The following information dated January 22 was received from Minister Rockhill through the Department of State February 8:

The ministry for foreign affairs states that during the period from January 9 to 15 there were 4 new cases of cholera with 1 death in Russia, occurring as follows:

Cities and governments.	Cases.	Deaths.
Moscow.....		1
Baku.....	1	
Territory of the Don.....	3	

Under date of January 17, Minister Rockhill reported that the cities of St. Petersburg, Schlusselfburg, and Ialta, and the districts of Novoladoga, in the government of St. Petersburg, and Ialta, in the government of Taurida, have been declared free of cholera.

VENEZUELA.

LA GUAIRA—Inspection of Vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Kellogg reports, January 23:

Week ended January 22. Vessels inspected: January 18, steamship *Montevideo* for San Juan with 25 in crew, passengers in transit 49, taken on at this port 51; January 20, steamships *Città di Torino* for Colon, crew 86, passengers in transit 68, taken on at this port 19; and *Prins Willem III* for New York, crew 39, passengers in transit 11, taken on at this port 10; and January 21, steamship *Mercian* for the United States, crew 50, no passengers.